Homework 6

- 1. A random sample of 10 observations is drawn from a normal population. The sample mean, $\bar{x} = 4$ and the sample variance, $s^2 = .5$. Find the 95% confidence interval for the mean, μ .
- 2. The demand for meat at a grocery store for a weekend is normally distributed with mean equal to 4900 pounds and standard deviation equal to 500 pounds. Find the 90% confidence interval for the expected demand.
- 3. Given the sample, $S = \{3 \ 5 \ 1 \ 5 \ 5 \ 1 \ 5 \ 4 \ 0 \ 4 \ 5 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \ 2 \ 6 \ 1 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \}$
 - (a) Find the 95% confidence interval of $E[\bar{x}]$. (Hint: use Student's t-distribution).
 - (b) Draw a histogram of S.
 - (c) Draw 95% confidence interval of $E[\bar{x}]$ on the histogram.
- 4. A day care class consists of 12 children of ages three and four years old. We will refer to this class as a sample. The weight in pounds of each child is:

 $\mathcal{S} = \{30 \ 50 \ 40 \ 40 \ 45 \ 35 \ 35 \ 25 \ 40 \ 35 \ 40 \ 30\}$

Find the 95% confidence interval about the population mean.

- 5. From a list of 90,000 farmers who operate a farm in Ohio, a sample of 2,000 is drawn, but only 64% of them cooperate in giving an interview. Let X be the number of useful interviews. Find two numbers, a and b, which are symmetric about X such that $P(a \le X \le b) = 95\%$. (Hint: There is only one state, so n=1.) Note: $z_{.025} = 1.96$
- 6. The grade point averages (GPA) of a sample of 100 students were obtained. Denote the GPA of a student by X_i . From the data, it was found that $\bar{x} = 3.5$ and s = .5. Find the 90% confidence interval about the population mean.
- 7. Find $z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$ for $\alpha = .08$
- 8. The following sample of 16 measurements was selected from a population that is approximately normally distributed:
 - $\mathcal{S} = \{91\ 80\ 99\ 110\ 95\ 106\ 78\ 121\ 106\ 100\ 97\ 82\ 100\ 83\ 115\ 104\}$
 - (a) Construct a 80% confidence interval for the population mean.
 - (b) Interpret the meaning of this confidence interval for your STAT51 professor.
 - (c) The 95% confidence interval is: (91.19876,104.6762). Explain why the 80% confidence interval is narrower than the 95% confidence interval.
- 9. A random sample of 49 observations is drawn from a normal population with mean equal to 50 and $\sigma = 15$. Find c such that $P(\bar{x} \le c)=.89$.
- 10. Suppose T_{10} is a Student's t distribution with 10 degrees of freedom. Find t_0 such that $P(T_{10} \le t_0) = .05$.