

### Waning immunity and booster protection data from Israel Yair Goldberg - Technion

THE HEBREW

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#### <u>Outline</u>

- 1. Vaccine campaign Dec 2020 April 2021
- 2. The Delta outbreak in Israel June 2021 now
- 3. Waning immunity
- 4. The booster dose

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## Israel began a vaccination campaign at the end of 2020 during a surge in cases

Daily new confirmed COVID-19 cases per million people



Shown is the rolling 7-day average. The number of confirmed cases is lower than the number of actual cases; the main reason for that is limited testing.





# The vaccination campaign started early in Israel using the Pfizer BNT162b2 with 3 week regimen





#### Over 100-fold decrease in cases following vaccination campaign (in conjunction with partially effective lock-down)



Impact and effectiveness of mRNA BNT162b2 vaccine against SARS-CoV-2 infections and COVID-19 cases, hospitalisations, and deaths following a nationwide vaccination campaign in Israel: an observational study using national surveillance data

Eric J Haas, Frederick J Angulo, John M McLaughlin, Emilia Anis, Shepherd R Singer, Farid Khan, Nati Brooks, Meir Smaja, Gabriel Mircus, Kaijie Pan, Jo Southern, David L Swerdlow, Luis Jodar, Yeheskel Levy, Sharon Alroy-Preis

#### Israel reached high levels of population-wide immunity early on





Source: Official data collated by Our World in Data – Last updated 12 September 2021, 12:00 (London time) Note: Alternative definitions of a full vaccination, e.g. having been infected with SARS-CoV-2 and having 1 dose of a 2-dose protocol, are ignored to maximize comparability between countries. OurWorldInData.org/coronavirus • CC BY

#### Israel reached high levels of population-wide immunity ≈3 months before most countries



Israel has large testing capacity (16,000 daily tests per million) & comprehensive electronic COVID19 records for the entire population



#### <u>Outline</u>

#### 1. Vaccine campaign - Dec 2020 - April 2021

#### 2. The Delta outbreak in Israel - June 2021 - now

- 3. Waning immunity
- 4. The booster dose

### Israel now experiences its highest levels of infection (delta variant) in spite of widespread (>60%) 2<sup>nd</sup> dose vaccination





### The reproduction number was high in during June and July with doubly vaccinated cases rising rapidly



 $\rightarrow$  currently doubling every two weeks



#### Daily cases rose by more than 100-fold in 1.5 months

new daily confirmed cases per million people 1000 800 Based on PCR testing 600 performed in Israel for both symptomatic and asymptomatic 400 individuals 200 0 MINISTR 06/27 07/07 07/17 07/27 08/06 08/16 08/26

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#### Severe active cases increased >10-fold in a month

Severe disease: resting respiratory rate >30 breaths per minute, or oxygen saturation <94%, or PaO2/FiO2 <300



During July-early August: 60% vaccinated with 2 doses 40% unvaccinated During June alpha was overtaken by the delta variant in Israel



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#### MoH Data

- Israel has a centralized electronic medical records system
- Israeli Ministry of Health collects data routinely from all HMOs and hospitals
- The data is linked using the person's identity number
- All residents belong to an HMO
- By combining data from the Israeli Ministry of Health and the Israel Central Bureau of Statistics we obtained for each resident (over age 16)
  - Municipality of residence
  - Age
  - All PCR tests (dates and results)
  - Infection date (first and second if applicable) and severity
  - Vaccination date (first, second, and third if applicable)

#### Waning immunity was observed across age groups

Rate of confirmed **SARS-CoV-2 infections** stratified by vaccination period and age group Per 1000 persons, during July 11, 2021 and July 31, 2021



#### Waning immunity also observed for severe disease in 60+ group

Per 1000 persons, during July 11, 2021 and July 31, 2021



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### Waning immunity against severe disease may occur also in younger age groups

Rates of severe COVID-19 stratified by vaccination period and age group per 1000 persons, July 11 - Aug 15, 2021



#### Data - only fully vaccinated persons

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Data collected during July 11, 2021, and July 31, 2021

Variable (%)	Jan 16-31	Feb 1-15	Feb 16-28	Mar 1-15	Mar 16-31	Apr	May	total
n	1,073,766	971,218	746,944	818,975	748,932	324,996	100,414	4,785,245
Infections (rate per 100,000)	3,425 (319)	2,978 (306)	2,170 (290)	2,049 (250)	1,378 (184)	438 (135)	141 (140)	12,579
Severe (rate per 100,000)	215 (20)	95 (9.8)	12 (1.6)	16 (2.0)	5 (0.7)	5 (1.5)	0 (0.0)	336
Age: 16-39	125,587 (11.7%)	195,580 (20.1%)	352,247 (47.2%)	549,089 (67.0%)	496,455 (66.3%)	217,622 (67.0%)	67,281 (67.0%)	
Age: 40-59	242,866 (22.6%)	417,618 (43.0%)	327,766 (43.9%)	208,072 (25.4%)	190,200 (25.4%)	78,249 (24.1%)	22,240 (22.1%)	
Age: 60+	705,313 (65.7%)	358,020 (36.9%)	66,931 (9.0%)	61,814 (7.5%)	62,277 (8.3%)	29,125 (9.0%)	10,893 (10.8%)	

#### **Statistical Model**

On any given day, the risk of individual in **cohort i (e.g., vaccination period)** with **risk profile** *x* 

to get an outcome (e.g., hospitalization) is  $h_i(x)$ 

The protection of **cohort** i with respect to **cohort Jan 16-31** is  $\frac{h_{\text{Jan 16-31}}(x)}{h_i(x)}$ 

#### Assumptions

1. Piecewise-constant hazards:  $h_i(x) = \exp\{\alpha_i + \beta^T_i x\};$ 

JanB, FebA, FebB, MarA, MarB, April, May

- 2. Constant hazard within cohort, given the risk profile
- 3. The effect of age may depend on the cohort

#### **Fresh Vaccine Protects More**

#### Protection (rate ratio) against Documented SARS-CoV-2 and severe COVID-19

Poisson regression adjusted for epi-week, past PCR tests, demographic group, and gender.

OUTCOME = Positive SARS-CoV-2 PCR test								
Age	Jan 16-31	Feb 1-15	Feb 16-28	Mar 1-15	Mar 16-31	Apr	Мау	
16-39	1	<b>0.9</b> [0.8, 1]	<b>1.2</b> [1, 1.3]	<b>1.3</b> [1.1, 1.4]	<b>1.5</b> [1.4, 1.7]	<b>2</b> [1.7, 2.3]	<b>2</b> [1.6, 2.5]	
40-59	1	<b>1.1</b> [1, 1.1]	<b>1.1</b> [1, 1.2]	<b>1.2</b> [1.1, 1.4]	<b>1.6</b> [1.4, 1.8]	<b>1.9</b> [1.6, 2.4]	<b>2.3</b> [1.6, 3.3]	
60+	1	<b>1.1</b> [1.1, 1.2]	<b>1.3</b> [1.1, 1.5]	<b>1.6</b> [1.3, 2]	<b>1.6</b> [1.3, 2]	<b>2.1</b> [1.5, 2.9]	<b>2.1</b> [1.2, 3.4]	
OUTCOME = Severe COVID-19								
Age	Jan	Feb	Mar					
40-59	1	<b>2.2</b> [0.8, 6.1]	<b>2.8</b> [0.7,1 1]					
60+	1	<b>1.2</b> [0.9, 1.5]	<b>1.7</b> [1.0, 2.7]				MI	

#### Detection bias? Current PCR test rate stratified by past PCR tests

Number of PCR tests performed from July 11, 2021 to July 31,2021, grouped by vaccination period and age group, and stratified by past PCR tests



#### Waning immunity - detailed age groups

Rate of documented SARS-CoV-2 infection (per 1000 persons) during July 11, 2021, and July 31, 2021,

stratified by vaccination period and age group

(#infections in 11/7-31/7/# fully vaccinated in period)×1000



#### A substantial reduction in vaccine efficacy with vaccine age

\*Comparison with unvaccinated population is problematic, as the unvaccinated population is small and differs in its characteristics from the vaccinated population

OUTCOME = Positive SARS-CoV-2 PCR test							
Age	Jan 16-31	Feb 1-15	Feb 16-28	Mar 1-15	Mar 16-31	Apr	Мау
16-39	<b>50%</b> [45, 55]	<b>47%</b> [42, 52]	<b>58%</b> [55, 62]	<b>62%</b> [59, 64]	<b>68%</b> [65, 70]	<b>74%</b> [71, 77]	<b>73%</b> [67, 78]
40-59	<b>58%</b> [54, 62]	<b>61%</b> [58, 65]	<b>63%</b> [59, 66]	<b>67%</b> [63, 70]	<b>74%</b> [70, 77]	<b>78%</b> [73, 82]	<b>80%</b> [71, 86]
60+	<b>57%</b> [52, 62]	<b>63%</b> [57, 67]	<b>65%</b> [57, 71]	<b>73%</b> [66, 78]	<b>72%</b> [64, 77]	<b>73%</b> [63, 81]	<b>75%</b> [58, 85]
OUTCOME = Severe COVID-19							
Age	Jan	Feb	Mar				
40-59	<b>94%</b> [87, 97]	<b>98%</b> [95, 99]	<b>98%</b> [94, 99]	-			
60+	<b>86%</b> [82, 90]	<b>88%</b> [84, 91]	<b>91%</b> [85, 95]				MINI OF H

Even a seemingly modest 12 percentage point decline in effectiveness could translate to a 5-fold increase in severe cases among the vaccinated

- Effectiveness in April for people vaccinated in Jan-March was high (e.g. 97%)
- Effectiveness in July for people vaccinated in January was reduced (e.g. 85%)

97% VE  $\rightarrow$  3% relative risk

85% VE  $\rightarrow$  15% relative risk

5-fold increase in relative risk



Based on evidence for waning in Israel, and the trajectory towards exceeding national hospitalization capacity given the rapid rise in severe cases, Israel decided to begin a 3<sup>rd</sup> vaccination campaign on July 30<sup>th</sup>, starting with the elderly.



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#### Booster campaign began in Israel on July 30<sup>th</sup>



>2.8 million booster doses to date

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Large majority of elderly population received a 3<sup>rd</sup> dose

### Overall half of the eligible population received a 3<sup>rd</sup> dose (eligibility begins 5 months after the second dose)



Updated: Sep. 13, 2021



Booster analysis covers most of the 60+ population Data on 60+ who were fully vaccinated before March 2021 Analysis period from August 10 to August 31

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# Reduction in risk due to booster is expected to be observed after ≈2 week delay



Days from vaccination



### Booster protection against confirmed **infection** as a function of time post vaccination **ages 60+**

Poisson regression adjusted for age, gender, demographic group, 2nd dose period and calendar day. Based on data from August 10 to August 31



Bar-on et al., https://www.nejm.org/ doi/full/10.1056/NEJM oa2114255

### Booster protection against confirmed **infection** as a function of time post vaccination **ages 60+**

Poisson regression adjusted for age, gender, demographic group, 2nd dose period and calendar day. Based on data from August 10 to August 31



#### Comparison between Booster/No-Booster Dynamic Cohorts







### Relative risk for booster vaccinated is ≈11-fold lower against confirmed infection for ages 60+

Poisson regression adjusted for age, gender, demographic group, 2nd dose period and calendar day. Based on data from August 10 to August 31



Results were tested by various methods and show high protection

- Using matching of booster-vaccinated people with corresponding 2-dose vaccinated individuals (similar to Dagan et al.) → we got **11.6-fold** reduction
- Comparing 12+ days to 4-6 days post vaccination (when booster has little effect on confirmed infections) → we got 5.4-fold reduction





# Booster provides >10-fold reduction in relative risk of severe disease in 60+ age group

(Poisson regression controlling for age, gender, demographic group, 2<sup>nd</sup> dose period, and calendar day)



absolute rate difference of 7.5 severe cases per 100K person-days



Vaccine effectiveness (VE) **against delta** after **booster dose** returns to VE levels similar to **recent 2<sup>nd</sup> dose against alpha** 

- If VE after waning is 50% for infection and increases 10-fold it becomes 95%
- If VE after waning is 80% for severe and increases 10-fold it becomes >97%

 $\rightarrow$  similar to reported values in first few months after 2<sup>nd</sup> dose (e.g. Dagan et al., Polack et al.)



The reproduction number was high in the two months prior to decision on booster dose, with fully vaccinated cases rising rapidly



 $\rightarrow$  doubling every 10 days



The reproduction number started decreasing in sync with the expected timing of the booster effect





Large fraction of the older population received a third dose, leading to a substantial decrease in confirmed infections among people over 60y



Following the third dose, severe cases sharply decreased



Our model's projections are that without the booster, or if the booster was administered a few weeks later, hospitalization could have significantly exceeded the national capacity



active severe cases

### Rate of systemic adverse events by dose (under-reporting expected in all cases)



### Rate of local adverse events by dose (under-reporting expected in all cases)



## Summary: Booster dose in Israel was effective and so far had safety profile similar to the other doses

- Waning immunity of the BNT162b2 vaccine after 6 months
- Booster dose shows ≈10 fold improved protection against confirmed infection and severe COVID19
- Administration of booster dose helped Israel dampen severe cases in the 4<sup>th</sup> wave

